

【FEATURES】

1. This Gyro uses advanced MEMS (Micro Electro Mechanical Systems) angular rate sensor and AVCS (Angular Vector Control System) algorithm. It is a super performance, compact, light weight gyro developed for model helicopter.
2. Built-in temperature compensation provides high-precision direction control ability to eliminate the drift caused by environment temperature changing.
3. Dual working mode: Normal Mode and Head-Lock Mode, switched by the sensitivity value of the GAIN channel of your transmitter.
4. The program process is completely digitalized to make the gyro more reliable. Each programmable value is adjusted by a "SET" button without any analog component such as trimming potentiometer.
5. Compatible with digital and analog servo.

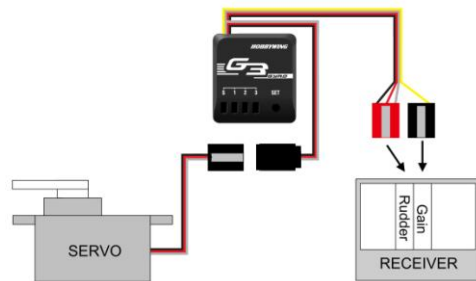
【SPECIFICATION】

1. Dimension: 26mm * 24mm * 9mm
2. Weight: 12g (wires and connectors included)
3. Operating voltage DC 4.5-6.5V, operating current ≈ 50mA, maximum current <100mA
4. Servo: Analog Servos (frequency 50Hz), digital Servos (frequency 333Hz), servo neutral point: 1520us

⚠ **This gyro is not compatible with following servos:**
Futaba- S9251, S9256, BLS251
JR-2700G, 8700G, 810G

【WIRING】

1. Connect the rudder servo lead to the female connector on the gyro.
2. There are 2 male leads coming from the gyro, the lead with black, red and white wires is plugged into the Rudder channel of your receiver, and the lead with one single orange wire is plugged into the Gain channel of your receiver.



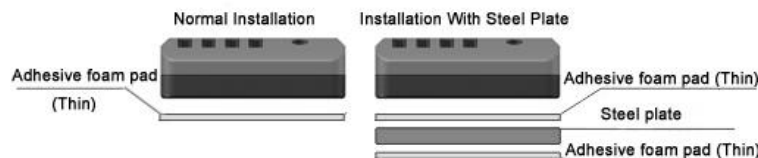
⚠ **For Futaba receiver, Rudder channel is located in channel 4 (CH4) and Gain in channel 5 (CH5).**

⚠ **For JR receiver, Rudder channel is located in channel 3 (CH3) and Gain channel in AUX2.**

⚠ **For other remote control systems, please read their user manuals for reference.**

【GYRO INSTALLATION】

Please install the gyro close to the centre of fuselage and keep away from vibration. Please don't install the gyro close to heat generation sources, or strong electromagnetic



interference sources, or high vibration sources such as motor, speed controller, etc. To isolate the vibration to the gyro, a soft foam pad should be attached on the bottom of the gyro. If helicopter tail drifts during flight, please check the vibration source of fuselage and install the metal plate (package included) for high frequency vibration isolation purpose.

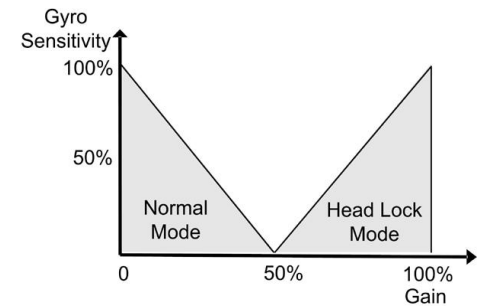
【SPECIAL HINTS FOR INSTALLATION ON NITRO-POWERED HELICOPTER】

Please Install and handle with care. If tail drifts, please use the following methods for trouble shooting.

1. Install the steel plate, and try difference thickness of foam tape pads. In general, using thinner foam pads can provide better performance.
2. Carefully fasten the gyro wires to avoid extra vibrations affect gyro performance.
3. After the above operations, run the engine under idle speed and touch the gyro case to test vibration. If no obvious vibration conducted to gyro, which means the installation is successful.

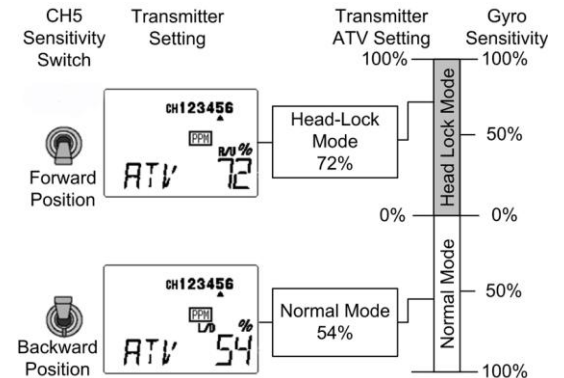
【START TO USE】

1. Turn on transmitter and ensure the output signal is in good condition.
2. Set the GAIN value above 50% in transmitter to select Head-Lock Mode.
3. Keep the rudder stick at neutral position, and then power on the gyro (That means connecting the battery pack to the speed controller to supply the receiver, then the gyro gets its power supply from the receiver). Don't move the rudder stick or the helicopter until the initialization process is completed.



⚠ **Gyro cannot work properly if it is not initialized with Head-Lock Mode.**

4. Some old transmitters (such as Futaba FF7S, FF6S and T6XHS, etc) haven't the gyro sensitivity switching function, in such a case, the gyro sensitivity setting is performed by adjusting the ATV of the GAIN channel, and the mode switching of Head-Lock Mode and Normal Mode is performed by the switch position.



The figure is an example of sensitivity setting with a T6XHS transmitter. In the hovering flight, (That is: Head-Lock Mode), the gyro sensitivity is set to 72%, and in the Idle-up flight (That is: Normal Mode), the gyro sensitivity is set to 54%.

The Head-Lock Mode and Normal Mode are switched by the CH5 switch position.

⚠ Please always keep in mind that when the sensitivity switching is performed with the ATV setting, the Head-Lock Mode cannot be used at both side (that means forward position and backward position) of the CH5 switch for hovering and Idle-up flight.

【LED STATUS】

Under different working mode, the LEDs on the gyro have different status.

Working Modes	Rudder Stick Conditions	LED Status
Head-lock Mode	Neutral point	LED #S: Solid green
Head-lock Mode	Stick not at neutral position or initialization failed	LED #S: Green, rapidly flashes 2 times
Normal Mode	Neutral point	LED #S: Solid red
Normal Mode	Stick not at neutral position or initialization failed	LED #S: Red, rapidly flashes 2 times
Failure	No radio signal or initialization failed	LED #S: Orange, slowly flashes
Gyro initialization	Keep rudder stick at neutral position and ensure fuselage steady	All LEDs light, red for 0.5 second then turn to green for 1 second, then LED #1, #2, #3 turn-off, LED #S solid green. If initialization failed, LED #1, #2 and #3 become solid green, and LED #S flashes slowly with Orange color.

【SET-UP PROCEDURE】

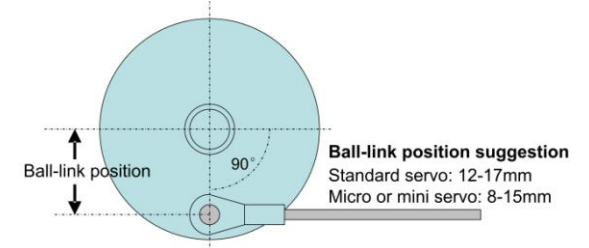
The installation and set-up process of the gyro are almost same as other brand products. For a better performance, please read the following instructions.

- Follow the installation instructions on page 1. Select suitable type of servo (digital/analog) before connecting the tail servo to avoid permanent damage.
- Turn on transmitter and ensure the GAIN channel sensitivity is more than 50% (that means the gyro will work in Head-Lock Mode). Put the rudder stick, trimmer and sub-trim at neutral position.
- Connect the rudder servo to the gyro; switch on the main power, the gyro starts initialization. When the initialization is completed, LED #S lights solid green means the gyro is working in Head-Lock Mode, while solid red means the gyro is working in Normal Mode. Please reverse the direction of GAIN channel if the gyro is working in Normal Mode.
- Move the fuselage clockwise and anti-clockwise to check the rudder servo horn moving direction. If wrong direction occurred, please program the gyro correctly.
 - ⚠ This is an important operation!**
- Move rudder stick left and right to check the rudder servo horn moving direction. If wrong direction occurred, please program the gyro correctly.
 - ⚠ This is an important operation!**
- After the above procedures, disconnect the main battery pack to power-off the gyro and then reconnect the battery pack after a few seconds. Check the gyro again to ensure the LED #S is solid green after initialization.
- In Head-Lock Mode, make the rudder servo neutrally, and then install the servo horn perpendicular to servo body.
- Adjust the length of push-rod linkage to achieve stable hovering in the normal mode.
- Follow the program instructions to adjust the rudder servo travelling limits of left and right side.
- During the test flight, establish a stable hovering by adjusting the sensitivity value of gain channel. The suggested value should around 65% to 70%, the most suitable value is gotten by test flights adjustment. If there is any tendency for the tail to twitch quickly from

side to side, it will be necessary to lower the gain value. If the tail is precarious when pitch and throttle is rapidly changed, please use higher gain value.

If you do need to use normal mode, please switch to normal mode after the gyro completes the initialization in head-lock mode.

The picture at right side shows the rudder servo in neutral position. The ball-link position on servo horn should be referred to the user manual of your helicopter.





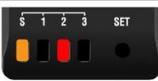




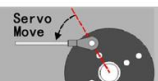

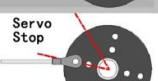

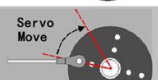


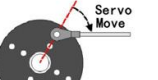



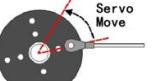

【IMPORTANT NOTES】




- Carefully check the servo type before connecting it to gyro. Never use an analog servo with the gyro programmed to Digital Servo Mode.
- Please place the fuselage to the flying field for a few minutes before flight. It can let the gyro to accommodate the environment temperature for best performance.
- Carefully fasten the gyro wire and remain extra length to avoid extra vibration
- Carefully check the rudder servo to maintain good condition
- When the Gyro is interfered accidentally, the LED #S will change to Orange color and flash slowly, the gyro will quickly resume to working status to avoid crash. Normally, the resuming time <100ms. After landing, please click the "SET" button to clear the LED #S alarm. Please check the wiring, the flying field circumstance and the battery carefully to search for the reason of interference before the next flight.
- Please adjust the rudder channel travel range (ATV) at both left and right side to get better symmetry and linearity.
- Carefully check all the settings, data and connections before flight to avoid any accident.

【PROGRAM THE GYRO】

The gyro can be user-programmed by using the rudder stick of transmitter.

Function	LED Status	Operation	Rudder Stick
SETTING #1		1.1 After initialization completed, hold SET button for 3 seconds.	
Servo Type Selection	LED # S lights (Solid Orange)	1.2 LED #S lights (Solid Orange), that means PROGRAM mode is activated	
	LED # 1 lights (Solid Green)	1.3 Release SET button to enter the 1st programmable item: Servo Type	
	LED # 1 lights (Solid Green) Digital Servo (Default)	1.4 Move rudder stick to left	
	LED # 1 lights (Solid Red) Analog Servo	1.5 Move rudder stick to right	

Function	LED Status & Servo Movement	Operation	Rudder Stick	
SETTING #2 Servo Travel Direction	 LED # 1 off LED # 2 lights (Solid Green)	2.1 Click SET button		
	 LED # 2 lights (Solid Green) Normal Direction (Default)	2.2 Enter the 2nd programmable item: Servo Travel Direction		
	 LED # 2 lights (Solid Green) Normal Direction (Default)	2.3 Move rudder stick to left		
	 LED # 2 lights (Solid Red) Reversed Direction	2.4 Move rudder stick to right		
SETTING #3 Servo Travel Limit	 LED # 2 off LED # 3 lights (Solid Green)	3.1 Click SET button		
		3.2 Enter the step 1 of the 3rd programmable item: Servo Travel Limit of Normal Direction		
	 Servo horn turns (Anti-clockwise)	3.3 Move rudder stick to left		
	 Servo horn stops moving	3.4 Move rudder stick to center		
	 Servo horn turns (Clockwise)	3.5 Move rudder stick to right		
		3.6 Click SET button		
	 LED # 3 lights (Solid Red)	3.7 Enter the step 2 of the 3rd programmable item: Servo Travel Limit of Reversed Direction		
	 Servo horn turns (Clockwise)	3.8 Move rudder stick to left		
	 Servo horn stops moving	3.9 Move rudder stick to center		
	 Servo horn turns (Anti-clockwise)	3.10 Move rudder stick to right		

Function	LED Status	Operation	Rudder Stick
SETTING #4 Save Settings	 LED # S, 1, 2 & 3 light simultaneously (Solid Red)	4.1 Click SET button	
		4.2 All the prepared settings are ready to be saved Note: All modifications will be canceled if the power supply is cut	
	 LED # S, 1, 2 & 3 light simultaneously (Solid Green)	4.3 Click SET button to save all the prepared settings	
	 LED # 1, 2 & 3 off LED # S lights (Solid Green)	4.4 The gyro goes back to the normal working mode	

【INITIALIZATION THE GYRO IN WORKING STATUS】

1. Reset the rudder servo to neutral position: Shake the rudder stick left and right at least 4 times at an interval of 1 second. (The traveling range should be at least half of the full range)
2. Reset the neutral date of Head-Lock Mode: Move the rudder stick to the neutral position, switch the transmitter sensitivity switch between Head-Lock Mode position and Normal Mode position at least 3 times at an interval of 1 second or less, then set the switch to the Head-Lock Mode position.

【NONRESPONSIBILITY DECLARATION】

R/C flight has potential danger. We have tried our best to use the good quality components and high technologies to provide superior performance. But for the unpredictable environment and conditions, customers are also suggested to try their best to maintain proper installation and operation, ensure power supply and control signal are stable and believable, flight in legal flying field. In that we have no control over the correct use, installation, application, or maintenance of our products, no liability shall be assumed nor accepted for any damages, losses or costs resulting from the use of the product. Any claims arising from the operating, failure of malfunctioning etc. will be denied. We assume no liability for personal injury, consequential damages resulting from our product or our workmanship. As far as is legally permitted, the obligation to compensation is limited to the invoice amount of the affected product.

